Fish production for 1994 for Wells dam mitigation hatcheries. Table 2-8.

	_	Production Goal		Age	Length	Release	
Facility/Species	Stock	Number	Pounds	Group	(mm)	Location	Month
Cassimer Bar hatchery							
Sockeye	Okanogan	15,000	150	0+	68	Transfer: Lake Osoyoos NP	Apr
Sockeye	Okanogan	95,500	1,038	0+	70	Lake Osoyoos	May
- Lake Osoyoos NP							
Sockeye	Okanogan	15,000	176	0+	72	Lake Osoyoos	May
Methow hatchery							
Spring chinook	Chew., Tw.	500,000	32,353	1+	145	Transfer: Chew., Twisp	Feb-Mar
Spring chinook	Methow	250,000	16,667	1+	150	On station	Apr
- Chewuch Acclimation Pond							
Spring chinook	Chewuch	250,000	16,667	1+	150	On station	Apr
- Twisp Acclimation Pond							
Spring chinook	Twisp	250,000	16,667	1+	150	On station	Apr
Wells hatchery							
Summer chinook	Wells	484,000	24,200	0+	125	On station	Jun
Summer chinook	Wells	320,000	32,000	1+	160	On station	Apr
Summer steelhead	Wells	370,310	76,984	1+	195	Methow R./Okanogan	Apr
Summer steelhead	Wells	50,000	10,416	1+	195	Similkameen R.	Apr
Summer steelhead	Wells	10,000	1,818	1+	195	Chiwack/Twisp R.	Apr
Fall chinook	Wells	100,000	2,000	0+	95	Transfer: L.Chelan NP	May
Rainbow trout	Spokane	24,750	4,950	I+	185	Local lakes	Apr

Source: FishPro, Inc. 1995.

1. Italicized lines indicate fish transfers or resident fish plantings.

2. Facility names preceded by a hyphen are satellite stations to the main facility.

3. The CassimerBarhatchery is a pilot project for the sockeye production specified in the Wells 1990 Settlement Agreement. The long-term goals call for 8,000 pounds of sockeye during Phase I and 15,000 during Phase II.